or after reaction with aniline (Table II). Although not shown, similar results were obtained when dilute hydrochloric acid and thiourea were added to the aliquots prior to heating with aniline. When free gossypol assays were performed on cottonseed meats, the addition of acetic acid, prior to heating with aniline, did not alter the optical density. This suggests that a slight error would result in free gossypol assays if the slightly lower optical densities of the aliquots heated with aniline in the present free gossypol calibration were used.

Comparative Assays

Comparative free and total gossypol analyses on four samples of cottonseed meals were conducted by using the present official AOCS methods (1) and the modified procedure in which one drop (0.05 ml) of 1.2N HCl was added to the gossypol blanks and two drops (0.10 ml) of 10%aqueous thiourea were added to the reagent blanks prior to heating with aniline. In the calibrations for these modified methods both acid and thiourea were added to each gossypol blank.

The data, set forth in Table III, indicate that the modified method for free gossypol in these meals gives results from 0.8% to 8.2% lower than those of the official method. However the modified method for total gossypol gives results averaging 4.6% higher than those by the official method. It is of interest that Pons et al. (3) have also reported gossypol values averaging 4.5% higher than those obtained by the official AOCS gossypol method by using thiourea in their p-anisidine reagent.

Discussion

The addition of a drop of dilute hydrochloric acid to each gossypol blank aliquot for free and total gossypol is useful. It reduces the optical density of these aliquots in calibrations to the same values as those obtained in the calibration for gossypol in oil. Two drops of 10% aqueous thiourea were also added, along with the acid in these

TABLE III Comparison of Assays by the Official and Modified Methods of Gossypol Analysis

Free Standard Procedure			Gossypol Modified Procedure			
Aniline OD	Blank OD	Gossypol %ª	Aniline OD	Blank OD	Gossypol % ^b	Differenc % c
0.175	0.030	0.131	0.177	0.012	0.130	99.2
0.419	0.048	0.335	0.423	0.020	0.317	94.6
0.383	0.041	0.310	0,380	0.018	0.285	91.4
0.362	0.039	0.294	0.361	0.017	0.270	91.8
		Tota	l Gossypol			
0.281	0.025	0.810	0.282	0.012	0.849	104.8
0.326	0.024	0.956	0.328	0.011	0.997	104.3
0.441	0.034	1.29	0.445	0.015	1.35	104.7
0.282	0.021	0.826	0.286	0.011	0.865	104.7

^a The % gossypol calculated from the best data for free gossypol calibration by the standard method. ^b The % gossypol calculated from the results of the modified calibra-tion by using the total gossypol procedure with hydrochloric acid and thiourea in the gossypol blanks.

^c Amount of gossypol measured by the modified method as a per-centage of that measured by the standard method.

• Names in the News

R. E. Musto has been appointed Manager of International Sales for Hodag International SA, Skokie, Ill., according to Sheldon Kent, president. For the past two years, Mr. Musto was International Sales Manager with Matheson Scientific, Inc., and Matheson, Coleman and Bell

E. A. DAY (1959), Vice President of Research & Development, International Flavors & Fragrances, Inc., has announced the addition of Morton Rubel to the R&D staff. Mr. Rubel joins the Systems Development Department as Senior Systems Analyst. Previous experience includes positions with Allied Chemical Corp. and Standard Brands, Inc., in the areas of research chemical engineering and applied statistics.

G. W. CHAILLE has been appointed regional sales manager of the Austin Company's Process Division with responsibility for service to chemical electrochemical, petrochemical calibrations, to prevent darkening prior to reading their optical densities. The addition of thiourea to gossypol blanks in free and total gossypol assays has not been necessary. Because it is added to the reagent blank in these assays, it might be advisable to add it to the samples as well for the most precise work.

The addition of acid to the aliquots to be heated with aniline has not been necessary either. However it might be advisable to add acid since, in some samples, it might alter the optical density because of the nongossypol pigments present. Also oxidized gossypol might give a lower optical density on heating with aniline if acid is not present, according to the present official calibration method for free gossypol. If acid is added, two drops of aqueous thiourea should also be added prior to heating to avoid possible oxidation of the aniline.

The addition of two drops of aqueous thiourea, prior to heating with aniline, eliminates undue darkening of the reagent blanks in free and total gossypol assays. The addition of thiourea to free gossypol aliquots, before heating with aniline, had little effect on the resulting optical densities. In total gossypol assays thiourea gave a reduction in these optical densities of about 0.002 to 0.005.

Acid should not be added to reagent blank aliquots because it tends to cause darkening of the aniline, which may not be completely prevented by the thiourea used.

Proposed Modification of Gossypol Procedures

Based on these results, the following modifications of the official AOCS procedures for free and total gossypol are suggested.

One drop (0.05 ml) of 1.2N HCl and two drops (0.10 ml) of 10% aqueous thiourea should be added to each gossypol blank aliquot in both calibrations and assays for free and total gossypol and the mixture diluted to volume with 80% aqueous isopropyl alcohol as soon as possible. These same reagents should be added to the sample aliquots before heating with aniline.

Two drops (0.10 ml) of 10% aqueous thiourea should be added to the appropriate reagent blank aliquots before heating with aniline in free and total gossypol assays and calibrations. No acid should be added to these reagent blanks. The calibration by the procedure for total gossypol, or for the gossypol in oil procedure, should be used for these determinations as well as for free gossypol assays.

Much of the free gossypol in meals of lower free gossypol content consists of soluble-bound gossypol (4). For these, and for the precise determination of gossypol in oil, an additional operation is required. This will be published later.

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and food industries in Michigan, Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky, western Pennsylvania and western New York states, and parts of West Virginia, as well as Delaware and Virginia.

R. A. BAKER, senior Fellow, Mellon Institute, Pittsburgh, Pa., will receive the 1968 Max Hecht Award presented by the American Society for Testing and Materials' Committee D-19 on Water at a meeting of the Committee in West Palm Beach, Fla., on Jan. 25, 1968. He will receive the award for his "outstanding leadership in the development of chemical and instrumental methods for water analysis and for his administrative contributions to Committee D-19.

R. W. SPRAGUE has been elected secretary of Waters Associates, Inc., Framingham, Mass. The announcement was made by J. L. WATERS, president and chairman of the board of directors. Before joining Waters Associates, Mr. Sprague was corporate controller at Technical Operations, Inc., Burlington, Mass.